

CARNAVAL FOLLY

CLASIFICACIÓN: PRINTS

SERIE: ABSURDITIES (PRINTS Y DRAWINGS, CA.1815-1824)



DATOS GENERALES

CRONOLOGÍA

1815 - 1819

DIMENSIONES

246 x 357 mm

TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE

Etching and aquatint

RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA

Documented work

FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN

22 Aug 2021 / 05 Jun 2023

INVENTARIO

964 -

HISTORIA

See *Femenine folly*

The aquatint proof in the National Library of Spain has manuscript number 6 in the upper left corner and 21 in the right corner, as well as *Carnaval Folly* centred in the lower margin.

ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

Carnival scene in which a group of characters are dressed appropriately for the celebration. Their own faces are carnival masks with grimaces and twisted gestures.

On the far left of the composition a man in festive attire points at or shoves a beak-nosed, moustachioed canon. Two other men, in the foreground, cowering and bound in their robes, are talking or shouting at each other. The one on the right has a third eye in his cheek. Next

to him, a man with his back turned, wearing a hairnet and a velvet cloak, who could symbolise Spain, watches the spectacle unfolding before him. In the background lies a figure who looks like a Frenchman. Behind him is a conglomeration of human figures, animals and beings with bestialised expressions. Also towering above the group is a hooded man on long stilts.

The meaning of this picture is unknown. It has been suggested that it has a political background. Perhaps it depicts a diplomatic event such as the Congress of Vienna or the interview between the Spanish royal family and Bonaparte in Bayonne, and is therefore an image of the universal political situation after the fall of Napoleon. The two figures in the centre are tied up by higher powers or by their own lasciviousness, giving an erotic sense to the picture.

It can also be interpreted as a satire against social hypocrisy, which leads people to show themselves as what they are not, something that Goya had already denounced in the *Caprice* 6, *Nobody Knows Each Other*, although in this case the tone is much more sombre and disturbing. In any case, the theme of the carnival was very popular in 18th-century art, being represented as a joyous occasion. In popular Spanish art, carnival scenes were used as a moralising vehicle, and perhaps this was Goya's intention. The print becomes a mirror reflection in which the viewer looks, observing its dark and grotesque side. In this way, no one escapes Goya's wit.

The print is notable for a certain finesse in the etching. The light is cleverly distributed in strong patches of clarity that give relief to the figures.

EXPOSICIONES

<p>1976</p>	<p>Etchings by Francisco Goya Johannesburgo Johannesburgo 1974</p> <p>Grabados de Goya: colección propiedad de la Biblioteca Nacional, que se conserva en su Gabinete de Casa de la Amistad de Moscú Moscow 1979 exhibition displayed from January 18th to 31st 1979</p>	<p>Goya y el espíritu de la Ilustración Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1988 from October 6th to December 18th 1988. Exhibited also at Museum of Fine Arts, Boston, January 18th to March 26th 1989; The Metropolitan Museum of Art, Nueva York, May 9th to July 16th 1989, Madrid curator Manuela B. Mena Marqués, scientific directors Alfonso E. Pérez Sánchez and Eleanor A. Sayre</p>
<p>Ydioma universal: Goya en la Biblioteca Nacional Biblioteca Nacional Madrid 1996 from September 19th to December 15th 1996 cat. 295</p>	<p>Francisco Goya. Sein Leben im spiegel der graphik. Fuendetodos 1746-1828 Bordeaux. 1746-1996 Galerie Kornfeld Bern 1996 from November 21st 1996 to January 1997</p>	<p>Goya. 250 Aniversario Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1996 consultant editor Juan J. Luna. From March 29th to June 2nd 1996</p>
<p>Goya grabador Museo del Grabado Español Contemporáneo Marbella 1996 from March 8th to May 5th 1996</p> <p>1999</p>	<p>Zaragoza 1996</p> <p>Madrid 1999</p>	<p>London 1997</p> <p>Schlaf der Vernunft. Original radierungen von Francisco de Goya Munich 2000</p>

Goya en tiempos de guerra

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 2008

consultant editor Manuela B.
Mena Marqués, from April 14th
to July 13th 2008

cat. 181

Bilbao 2012

Goya et la modernité

Pinacothèque de Paris París 2013

from October 11st 2013 to March
16th 2014

cat. 214

BIBLIOGRAFÍA

HARRIS, Tomás

p. 396, cat. 261

1964

Bruno Cassirer

Vie et oeuvre de Francisco de Goya

GASSIER, Pierre y WILSON, Juliet

p. 326, cat. 1593

1970

Office du livre

Catálogo de las estampas de Goya en la Biblioteca Nacional

SANTIAGO, Elena M. (coordinadora)

pp. 242-243, cat. 389-391

1996

Ministerio de Educación y Cultura, Biblioteca
Nacional

CARRETE, Juan, MATILLA, José Manuel,
AULLÓN DE HARO, Pedro, BOZAL, Valeriano,
GLENDINNING, Nigel, VEGA, Jesusa y BLAS,
Javier

pp. 107 y 111, cat. 14 y 34

1996

Real Academia de Bellas Artes de San
Fernando y Calcografía Nacional

MATILLA, José Manuel

pp. 136-137, cat. 46

2000

Edizioni de Luca

MATILLA, José Manuel

pp. 486-487, cat. 181

2008

Museo Nacional y Ediciones El Viso

OROPESA, Marisa and RINCÓN GARCÍA,
Wilfredo

p. 274

2013

Pinacoteca de París

Goya. In the Norton Simon Museum

WILSON BAREAU, Juliet

pp. 204-211

2016

Norton Simon Museum

PALABRAS CLAVE

GROTESCO MÁSCARA CARNAVAL DISPARATES

ENLACES EXTERNOS